CASTRUL ROMAN DE LA BERZOVIA, 1977 CERCETĂRI ARHEOLOGICE ÎN CANABAE ȘI IN CASTRUL ROMAN

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Cuvinte cheie: castru de legiune, așezare civilă, stratigrafie, legiune, reparație, refacere. *Keywords:* legionary fortress, civil settlement, stratigraphy, legion, repair, reconstruction.

Abstract: The archaeological excavations carried out at Berzovia in 1977 envisaged two main objectives: the civil settlement (canabae) and the legionary fortress. The aim was to investigate: the stratigraphic sequence within the legionary fortress; the structure of the agger; the chronological positioning of the civil settlement in relation with the fortress. Four trenches (S_1-S_4) in the canabae area and five (S_5-S_9) within the fortress were excavated.

The stratigraphy yielded two levels of occupation both in the castra legionis and in the civil settlement; each level bears clear traces of repair. The general conclusion of the author based on the stratigraphic sequence and the discovery of a fragment of stamped tile bearing the letters IIII FL ([LEG(ionis) IIII FL(avia)] is that the fortress has undergone a last process of massive repair around 118 and apparently continued to be occupied until ca. 120. The civil settlement showed the same chronological evolution as that detected within the fortress.